(ix) The Intermediate Advance Licensing Scheme which was limited to only a few specific products has now been broadened to cover all textile items where two-stage operations can be undertaken jointly by two different manufacturing units as long as input-output norms and forward and backward linkages are established.

(x) Under 100 per cent Export Oriented Units and Free Trade Zones Scheme, facilities for liberal import of capital goods and raw materials alongwith many other concessions are given. These units have now also been made eligible for CCS and tax holidays for five years. They can also sell 25 per cent of their products in the domestic markets and also use foreign brand name subject to certain conditions.

(xi) The number of days of preshipment credit has been increased from 90 days to 180 days. The rate of interest has also been reduced by 2.5 per cent.

(xii) Tax concession under Section 80 HHC for export profits has been enhanced so as to exempt 100 per cent export profits from income tax.

(xiii) The agency commission has been increased and rules for blanket permission for foreign exchange have been substantially liberalised.

(xiv) The National Institute for Fashion Technology has been set up in Delhi for education, research and training in the areas of fashion design for garment manufacture.

(xv) In order to give further thrust to our export to non-quota countries, Government has established two Study Groups in the Ministry of Textiles —one for Garments and other for Textiles with a view to identify thrust markets, constraints to exports in such markets and the facilities to be offered to exporters of such markets.

Strike by Teachers and State Goverment Employees in Tamil Nadu

755. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:

SHRI T. R. BALU:

SHRI N. E. BALARAM:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) when the teachers and State Government employees went on strike in Tamil Nadu;

(b) what are their demands;

(c) how many employees and teachers were arrested in this connection;

(d) whether any negotiations have taken place with the representatives of the striking employees and teachers; if so, the details thereof; and

(e) what steps are being taken to resolve the issue?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SANTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) Various Services Associations of State Government employees and teachers in Tamil Nadu went on strike from 22-6-1988 and from different dates subsequently.

(b) The demands of the Employees and Teachers were (i) pay parity with Central Government staff; (ii) one month pay as bonus; (iii) to treat the teaching and non-teaching staff in private schools and colleges as Government Employees and grant of all concessions eligible to Government Employees and Teachers; (iv) grant of medical allowances and to extend the House Rent Allowance to all the areas and (v) to grant regular pay scale to all teachers and government employees on consolidated pay system and to appoint the part-time teachers as full-time teachers.

(c) 25,403 members were arrested and released on bail.

(d) Discussions were held with the representatives of the various Associations and the main decisions are given below:—

(i) The demand for pay parity with the Central Government staff and one month pay as bonus will be referred to the Fifth Pay Commission.

(ii) The Commission will be requested to submit its recommendations within 9 months from the date of appointment of Commission.

(iii) A medical allowance of Rs. 15 per month will be sanctioned to all State Government employees and teachers who wish to opt out of the present medical reimbursement scheme.

(iv) For employees on consolidated or fixed wages or honorarium, a Special Allowance of Rs. 10 per month and Rs. 5 per month will be sanctioned for those getting Rs. 150 per month and above and those getting below Rs. 150 per month respectively.

(v) The Government will remit to the local bodies the profession tax on behalf of the State Government employees of B, C and D categories, teachers and employees of local bodies of equivalent categories.

(e) Consequent on the decisions taken on 15-7-1988 with the office bearers of the Associations, a considerable section of Government employees returned to work on 19-7-1988 itself. All the others reported for duty on 26-7-1988 consequent on the decisions taken on 22-7-1988.

Police Stations in Delhi

756. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:
SHRI T. R. BALU:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) how many police stations are there in the Capital as on date;

(b) how many police stations were there in the Capital on this date, last year;

(c) what was the strength of police personnel in the Capital during the last three years, category-wise and year-wise; and

(d) what are the future expansion plans for Delhi in this regard and what will be the approximate expenditure involved therein?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) 105.

(b) 80.

(c) Requisite information is contained in the statement attached. *(See below)*.

(d) At present, there is no plan to increase the number of Districts| Police Stations.

Statement

Sanctioned Strengnth of Delhi Police

	C.P.	Addl. C.P.	DCP	ACP	Inspector	S.I.	ASI	HC	Constable	Total
1985	1	8	41	136	462	3494	1784	7012	22791	35729
1986	1	8	42	143	523	3092	2640	7644	22949	37042
1987	1	9	48	164	581	3166	2850	8085	23935	38839